Position Interface Unit

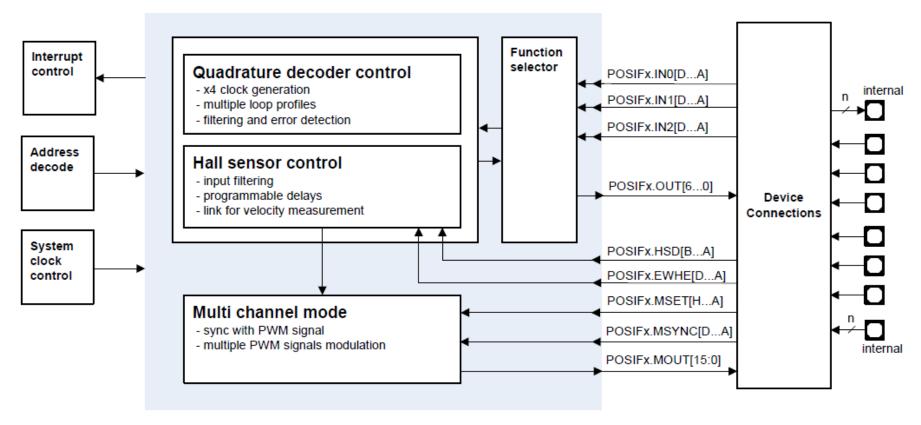




Position Interface (POSIF) – Key features

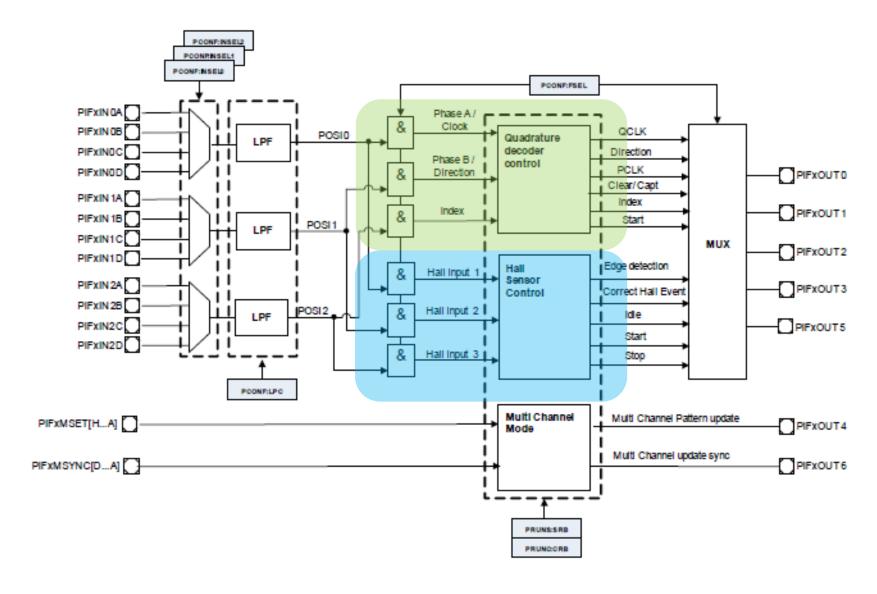
Modes in POSIF

- Quadrature Decoder Mode
- Hall Sensor Mode
- Multi Channel Mode













Field	Bits	Type	Description	
FSEL	[1:0]	rw	Function Selector	
			00 _B Hall Sensor Mode enabled	
			01 _B Quadrature Decoder Mode enabled	
			10 _B Stand alone Multi Channel Mode enabled	
			11 _B Quadrature Decoder and Stand alone Multi	
			Channel Mode enabled	

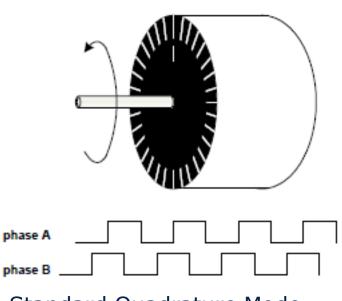
Pin	I/O	Hall Sensor Mode	Quadrature Decoder Mode	Multi-Channel Mode (stand- alone)
POSIFx.IN0[DA]	I	Hall Input 1	Encoder Phase A or Clock	Not used
POSIFx.IN1[DA]	I	Hall Input 2	Encoder Phase B or Direction	Not used
POSIFx.IN2[DA]	I	Hall Input 3	Index/Zero marker	Not used
POSIFx.HSD[BA]	I	Hall pattern sample delay	Not used	Not used
POSIFx.EWHE[DA]	I	Wrong hall event emulation	Not used	Wrong hall event emulation
POSIFx.MSET[HA]	I	Multi-Channel next pattern update set	Not used	Multi-Channel next pattern update set
POSIFx.MSYNC[DA]	I	Multi-Channel pattern update synchronization	Not used	Multi-Channel pattern update synchronization

POSIF – Quadrature Decoder

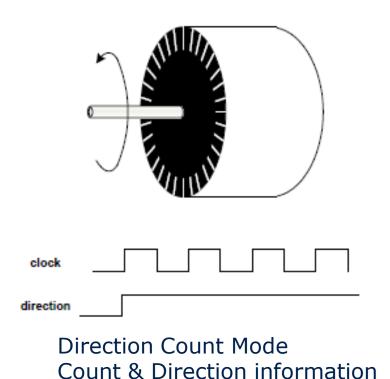


Mode

- Standard Quadrature Mode
- Direction Count Mode

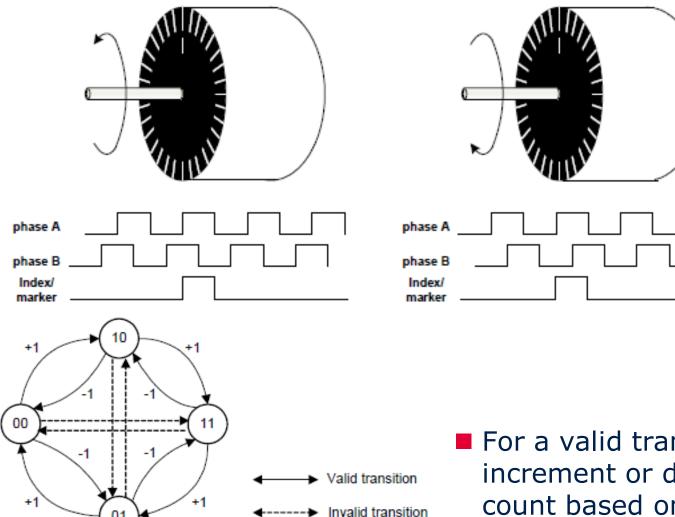


Standard Quadrature Mode Two Phase information



POSIF – Quadrature Decoder



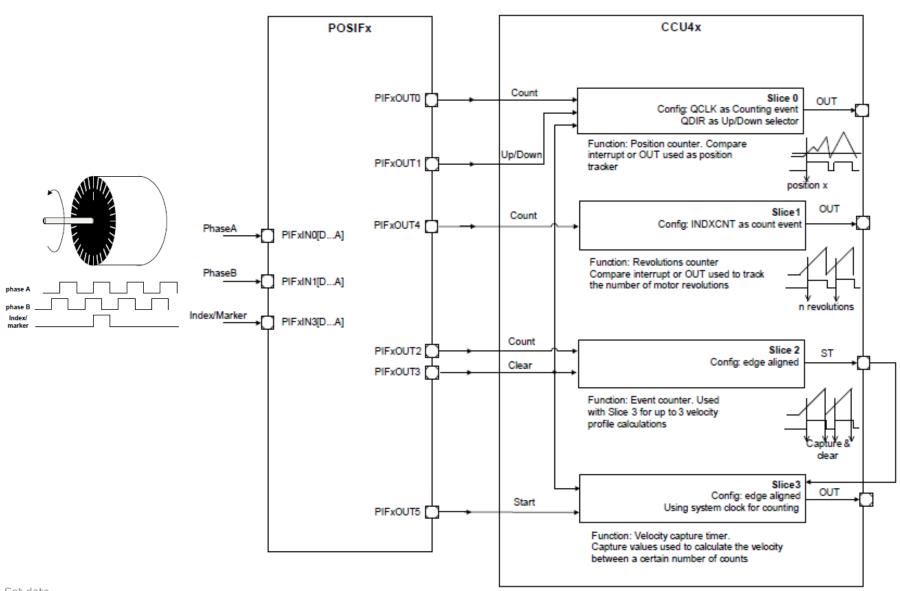


For a valid transition, it will increment or decrement the count based on the direction

BA

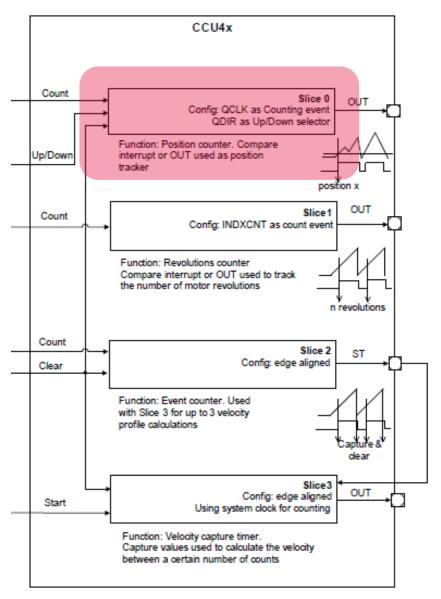
Setting POSIF as Encoder interface 1x POSIF, 4x CCU4 slices







Example for a 1000 count encoder



Position Counter

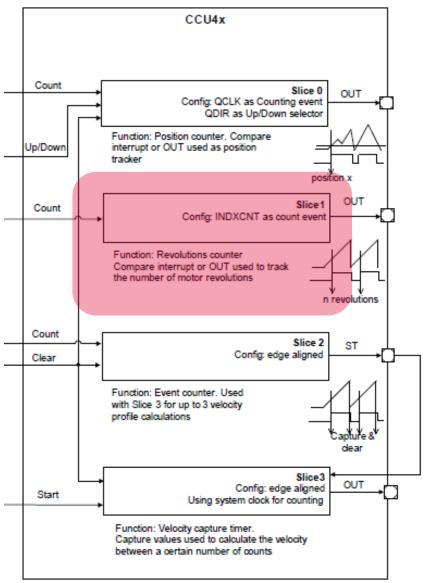
It will count from 0 to 999.

When the count is 500, the motor is at 180°C position.

When the count is 250, the motor is at 90°C position.



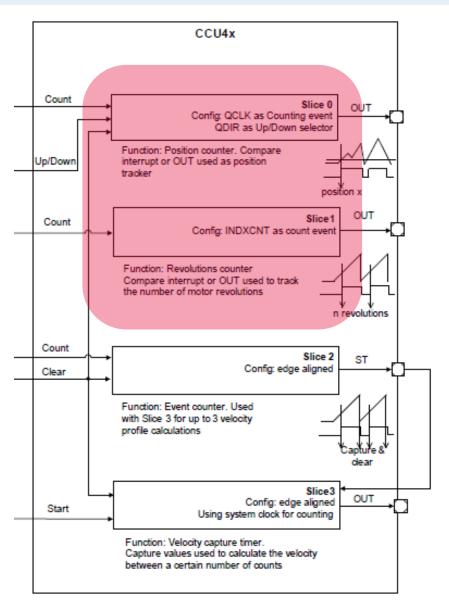
Example for a 1000 count encoder

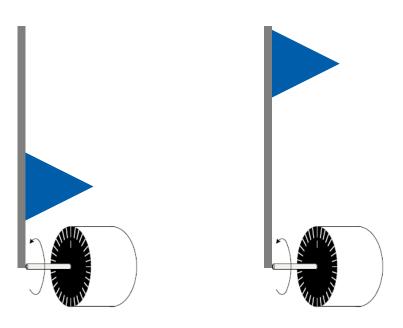


Revolutions Counter
It will count the number of complete revolutions







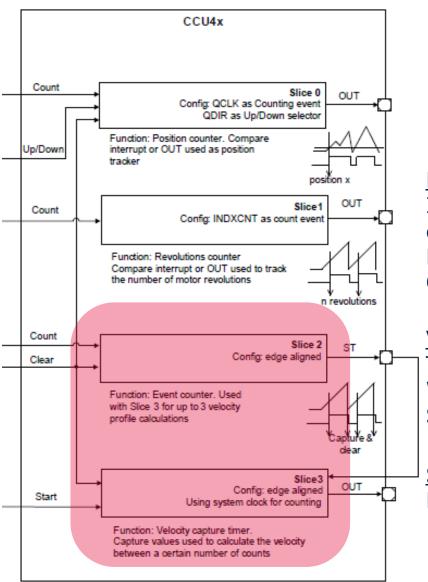


It take 5500 counts to reach end of line.

Revolution counter = 5 Position counter = 500



Example for a 1000 count encoder



Event Counter

It will stop Slice3 when the compare event occurred

For e.g. to detect time to reach 180°C, the Compare value can be setup to 500.

Velocity Capture Timer

The timer will start 0, 1us, 2us, 3us...... When 180°C has reached, Slice2 will stop Slice3.

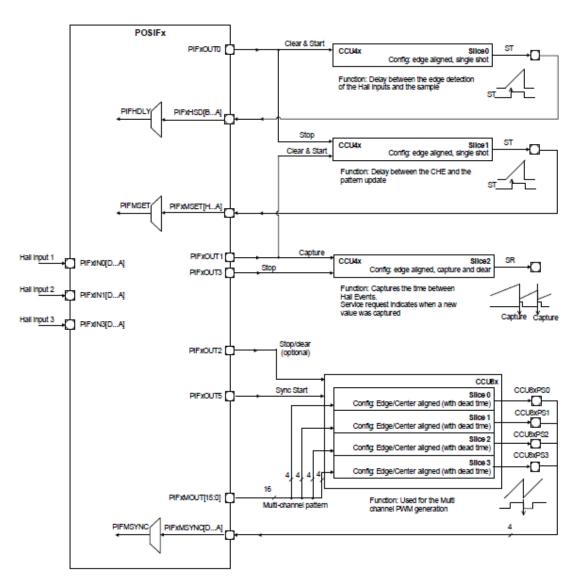
<u>Speed</u>

Distance to move 180°C / Time captured

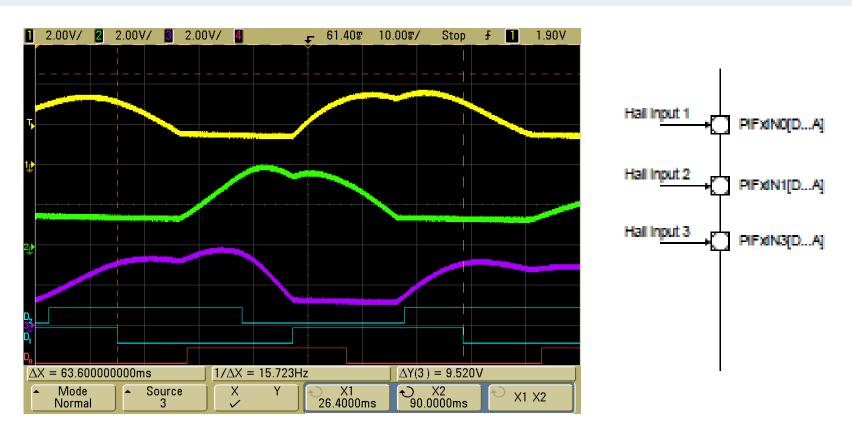


- Detection of any modification in the Hall input
- Delay between the detection and sampling of the Hall inputs
- Compare the input against the expected Hall Pattern
- Update of a new multi channel pattern



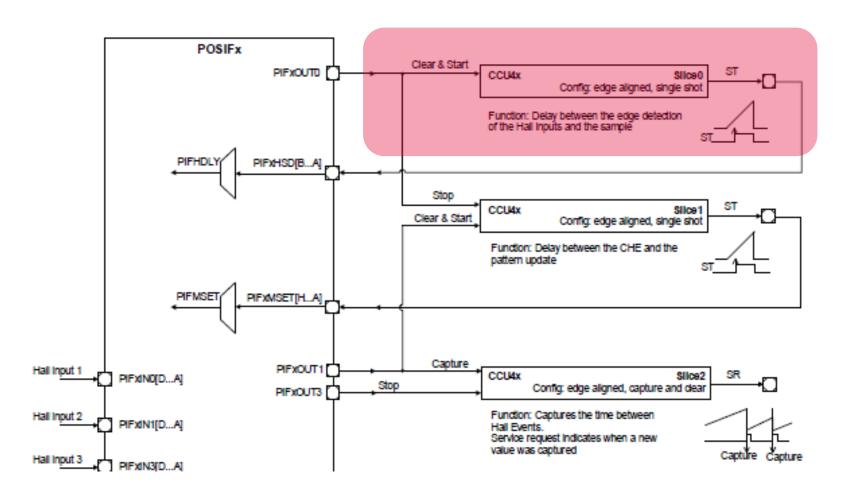






A transition in any of the three hall input signals indicate a change in the hall state.

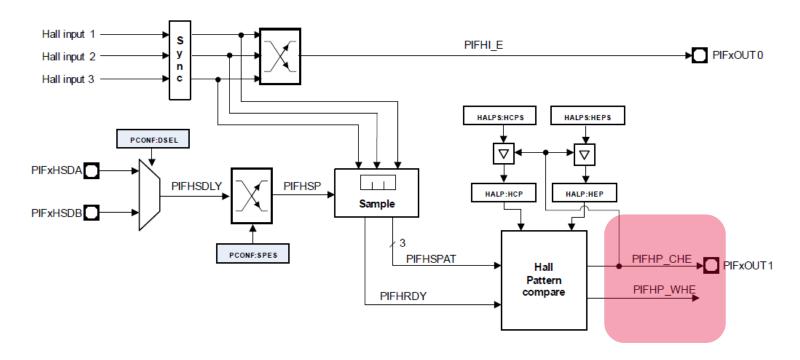




Noise spike on the hall signal inputs might result in false event.

A flexible delay filter by Slice0 wait for the signal to be stable before reading the transition value



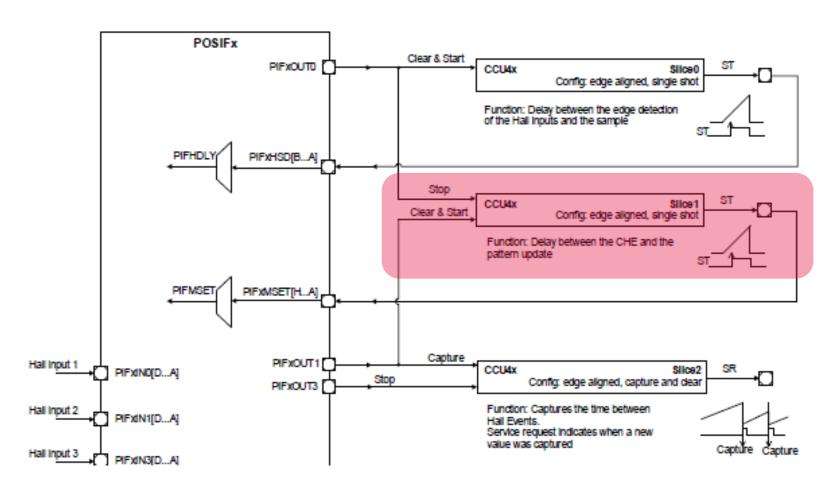


- When the sampled value matches the Expected Hall Pattern, a pulse is generated in the PIFxOUT1 pin
- When the sampled value doesn't match the values either in Current Hall Pattern or Expected Hall Pattern, a Wrong Hall Event signal is generated.



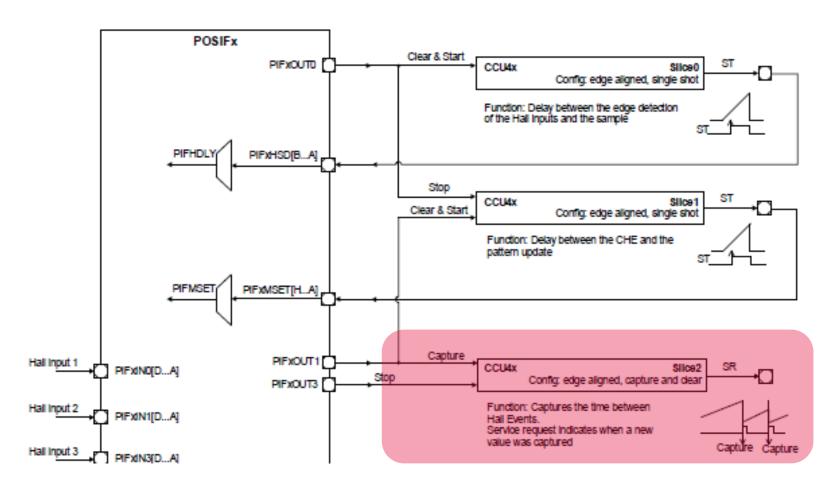
- After the Correct Hall Event is detected, a delay can be generated between this detection and the update of the Multi-Channel pattern.
- The delay for the update of the Multi-Channel pattern can be controlled directly by a CCU4 slice.





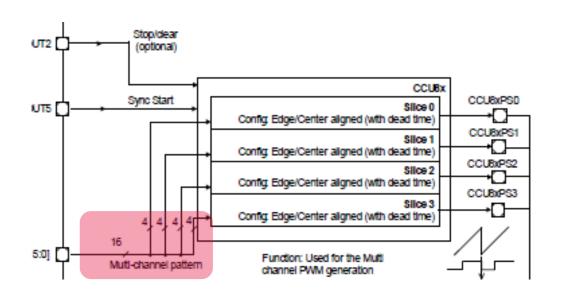
To support Phase delay/advance feature
The actual switching of the outputs can take place after a delay when
the transition event is detected





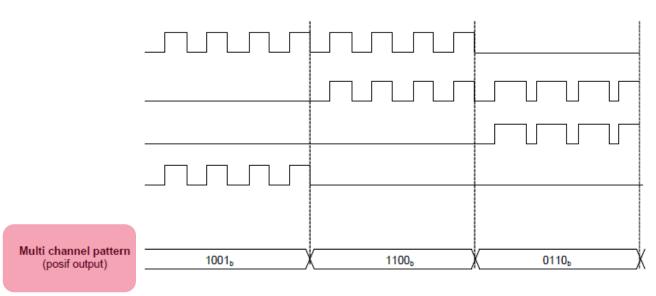
Capture the time between hall events to compute the speed





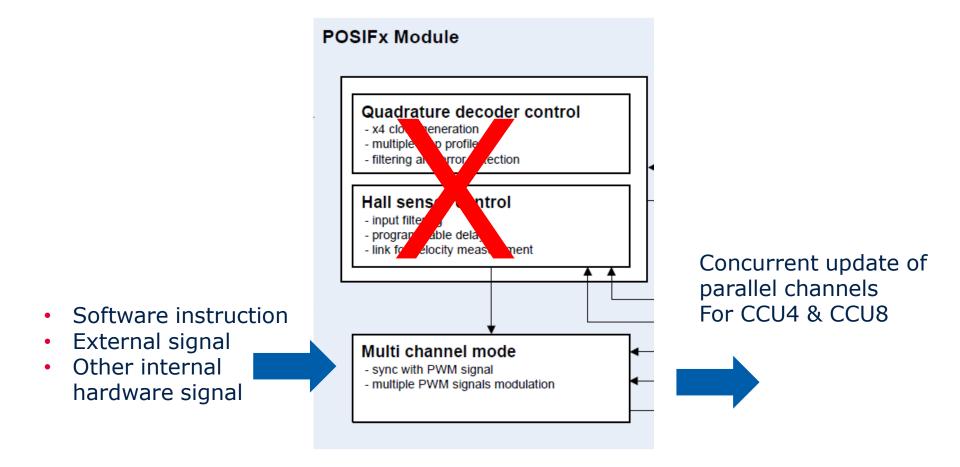
When the Correct Hall Event is detected, multi channel pattern needs to be updated

The update of multi channel pattern needs to be synchronized with the PWM signal









Backup slide







Function Selector

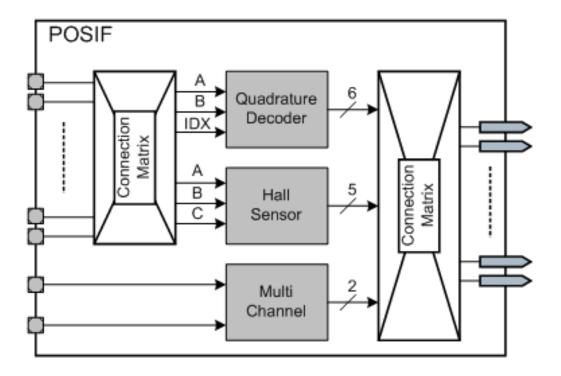
00_R Hall Sensor Mode enabled

01_B Quadrature Decoder Mode enabled

10_B Stand alone Multi Channel Mode enabled

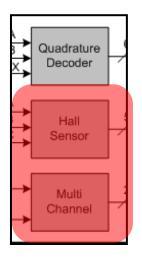
11_B Quadrature Decoder and Stand alone Multi

Channel Mode enabled

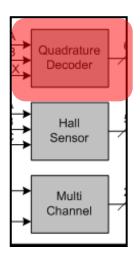


Function Selector

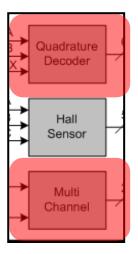




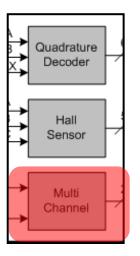
Hall Sensor Mode



Quadrature Decoder Mode



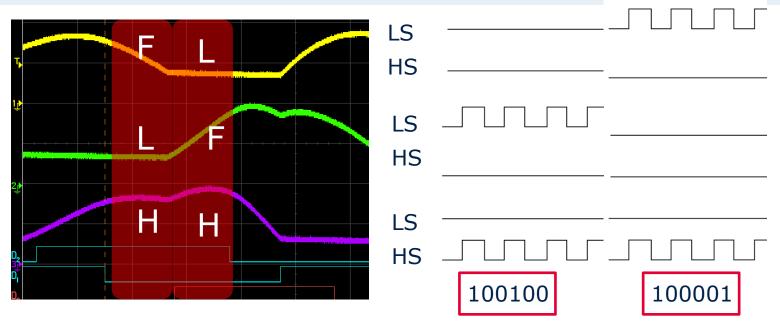
Quadrature Decoder & Standalone Multi Channel Mode

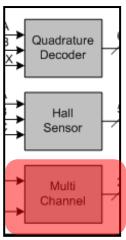


Standalone Multi Channel Mode





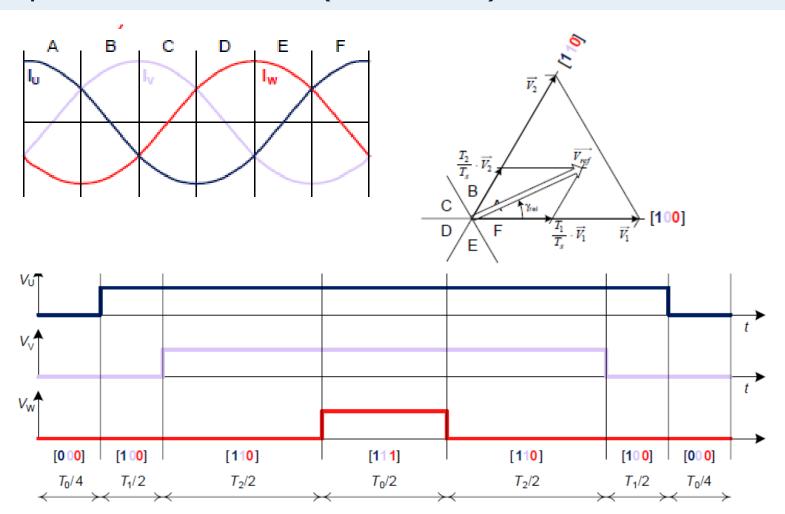




Multi Channel Mode is useful for simultaneous switching of parallel signals such as Block Commutation

Space Vector PWM (Sinewave)





All the three phase are switch on all the time, only the duty cycles changes to generate the vectors. Thus, MCM is not required

Application usage for Posif



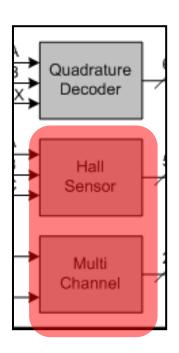
Application



- 1 Hall Sensor Block Commutation
- 2 Hall Sensor Space Vector PWM (Sinewave)
- 3 Encoder Block Commutation
- 4 Encoder Space Vector PWM (Sinewave)
- 5 Sensorless Block Commutation
- 6 Sensorless Space Vector PWM (Sinewave)

Application Hall Sensor Mode enabled

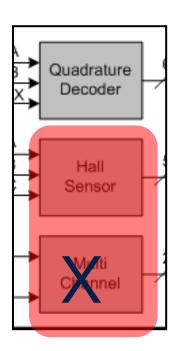




■ Hall Sensor Block Commutation

Application Hall Sensor Mode enabled

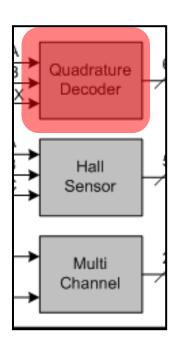




■ Hall Sensor Space Vector PWM (Sinewave)

Application Quadrature Decoder Mode enabled

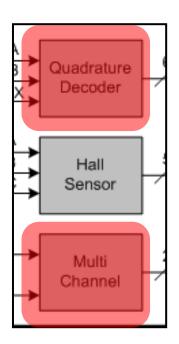




■ Encoder Space Vector PWM (Sinewave)

Application

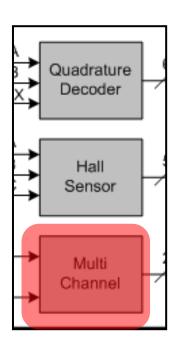
Quadrature Decoder and Stand alone Multi Channel Mode enabled



Encoder Block Commutation

Application Stand alone Multi Channel Mode enabled

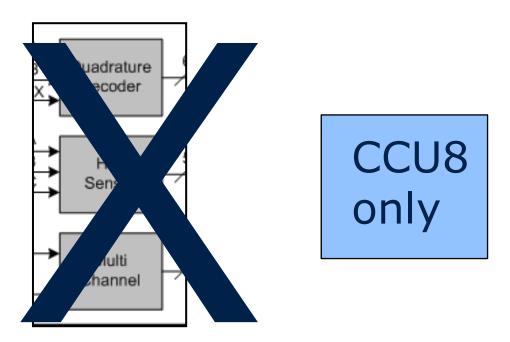




Sensorless Block Commutation

Application Posif not used





Sensorless Space Vector PWM (Sinewave)



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